Lincoln High School Band

Concert/Symphonic Band Chair Placement

Tenor Saxophone

Audition Materials



SD All State Band Auditions

Revised 2008

Alto, Tenor and Baritone Saxophone Chromatic Scale

To be played from memory at a minimum tempo of J = 176. Chromatic fingerings should be used where appropriate.



Trumpet and Euphonium TC Chromatic Scale

To be played from memory at a minimum tempo of $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} = 76$.



French Horn Chromatic Scale
To be played from memory at a minimum tempo of J. = 76.



Trombone and String Bass Chromatic Scale
To be played from memory at a minimum tempo of J. = 76.



South Dakota All-State Band Auditions

Tenor Saxophone Major and minor scales Revised July 2008

To be played at a minimum of J = 144C Major a melodic minor F Major d melodic minor G Major e melodic minor B Major g melodic minor D Major b melodic minor

South Dakota All-State Band Auditions Tenor Saxophone Major and minor scales Revised July 2008

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To be played at a minimum of J = 144



All-State Band and Orchestra Terminology Sheet

(Revised - June 2008 & June 2009 - Definitions taken from the Oxford Dictionary of Music)

*NOTE: Anyone auditioning for the Orchestra will include the bowing terms in the shaded box at the end;

Students auditioning for the All-State Band test will not include the bowing terms

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1. accelerando (accel.) - gradually growing faster
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- accidental chromatic alteration of a note from the key signature until the next bar line (can be extended by a tie)
- 3. ad libitum (ad lib) or a piacere at pleasure, at will
- 4. a due (a 2) for two parts
- 5. affetuoso tenderly, with feeling
- 6. alla breve (\dot{c}) 2/2 time, cut time
- 7. allargando getting slower and louder
- 8. amoroso with love, with warm feeling
- 9. animato or con anima lively, animated, spirited
- 10. appassionato or passione passionate, fervent
- 11. assai much, very
- 12. a tempo return to the original tempo
- 13. attacca continue without a pause
- 14. bravura great technical skill, virtuosity
- 15. brillante sparkling, spirited
- 16. cadenza a brilliant (often highly technical) solo, often found at the end of a movement or a piece
- 17. cadence the close of a melodic or harmonic phrase
- 18. calmando or calmato quieting down, subsiding
- 19. cantando or cantabile in a singing style, lyrical
- 20. capriccioso fanciful, freely
- 21. coda a concluding passage added to the form proper
- 22. con with
- 23. con brio with vigor, vigorously
- 24. con forza with force, strength
- 25. con fuoco with fire, passionately
- 26. con sordino with mute
- 27. con spirito or spiritoso with spirit
- 28. crescendo becoming louder
- 29. da capo (D.C.) from the beginning
- 30. dal segno (D.S.) from the sign (%)
- 31. decrescendo (decresc.) becoming softer
- 32. diatonic notes within a given scale or key
- 33. diminuendo (dim.) becoming softer
- 34. divisi divided parts where there is normally one
- 35. dolce sweet, gentle
- 36. doppio movimento twice as fast
- 37. double flat $(\c y_0)$ lower by one full step
- 38. double sharp (x) -- raise by one full step
- 39. dynamics the level of loudness
 - ...pianississimo (ppp) very, very soft
 - ...pianissimo (pp) very soft
 - ...piano (p) soft
 - ...mezzo piano (mp) medium soft
 - ...mezzo forte (mf) medium loud
 - ... forte (f) loud
 - ... fortissimo (ff) very loud
 - ... fortississimo (fff) very, very loud

- 40. e, ed or et and
- 41. espressivo with feeling, with expression
- 42. etude a study or exercise focusing on a particular technical or musical problem
- 43. fermata a pause or hold (a)
- 44. finale last movement of a multi-movement work
- 45. fine the end
- 46. forzando a strong accent
- 47. giocoso humorous, playful
- 48. giusto exact, appropriate or usual tempo
- 49. glissando a glide from one note to the next
- 50. grazioso graceful
- 51. interval pitch difference between two notes
- 52. key signature sharps or flats placed at the beginning of a selection indicating its key
- 53. largamente broadly
- 54. legato smooth, even, without breaks between notes
- 55. l'istesso tempo at the same tempo
- 56. loco return to normal position
- 57. maestoso majestic, with dignity
- 58. marcato accented, stressed
- 59. marcia march
- 60. meno less
- 61. molto much, very
- 62. morendo fading away
- 63. mosso or moto moved, motion
- 64. non no, do not
- 65. nuance subtle shading in style
- 66. ossia an alternate version
- 67. pesante weighty, ponderous
- 68. *piu* more
- 69. pochissimo as little as possible
- 70. poco a poco little by little
- 71. pomposo stately, pompous
- 72. quasi almost, as if
- 73. rallentando (rall.) becoming slower
- 74. ritardando (ritard. or rit.) becoming slower
- 75. ritenuto (riten.) immediately slower
- 76. rinforzando (rfz.) a sudden accent
- 77. rubato free use of accel. and rit. within a measure

without altering the duration of the measure as a whole

- 78. sans or senza without
- 79. scherzando playfully
- 80. segue continue without pausing
- 81. sempre always, throughout
- 82. sforzando (sfz.) a sudden accent
- 83. simile in the same manner
- 84. soli a section solo, a group of soloists
- 85. solo a part for one performer
- 86. sonore resounding, loud
- 87. sordino mute
- 88. sostenuto (sost.) sustained

80	staccato	- detai	ched

90. stringendo (string.) - growing faster

91. subito (sub.) - suddenly, at once

92. tacet - be silent

93. tempo - rate of speed

... grave – solemn and very, very slow
... largo – very slow
... adagio, lento, larghetto – slow
... andante – moderately slow
... andantino – slightly faster that andante
... moderato – moderate, neither fast nor slow
... allegretto – moderately fast
... allegro – fast and lively
... vivo, vivace – very fast and intense
... presto – the fastest conventional tempo

94. tenuto (ten.) - held, sustained for full value

95, timbre - tone color

96. tranquillo - quiet, peaceful

97. trill (tr.) – a rapid alteration between the written note and the diatonic second above it

... prestissimo - as fast as possible

98. troppo - too much

99. tutti - all, with all performers

100. un, una, uno - one

101. unison - together on the same part or in octaves

---SCALES---

Major Scales are diatonic scales with half-steps between 3-4 and 7-8.

Natural Minor Scales are diatonic scales with half-steps between 2 -3 and 5 -6

Harmonic Minor Scales are natural minor scales with the 7^{th} scale degree raised a half-step.. This adds a half-step between 7-8, and an interval of $1\frac{1}{2}$ steps between 6-7.

Melodic Minor Scales are natural scales where the 6th and 7th scale degrees are raised one half step in the ascending form creating half steps between 2 - 3 and 7 - 8, These notes are lowered to their natural state in the descending scale, making it identical to the natural minor.

Chromatic Scales are scales which proceed by half-step From the first note to the last note.

---KEY SIGNATURES---

C Major – no sharps or flats a minor – no sharps or flats

Flat Keys Majors	minors
1 – F	1 - D
2 – Bb	2 - G
3 – Eb	3 - C
4 – Ab	4 - F
5 – Db	5 - Bb
6 – Gb	6 - Eb
7 – Cb	7 – Ab
Sharp Keys Majors	Minors
	Minors
Majors	
Majors 1 – G	1 - e
Majors 1 – G 2 – D	1 - e 2 - b
Majors 1 – G 2 – D 3 – A	1 - e 2 - b 3 - f#
Majors 1 – G 2 – D 3 – A 4 – E	1 - e 2 - b 3 - f # 4 - c #
Majors 1 – G 2 – D 3 – A 4 – E 5 – B	1 - e 2 - b 3 - f # 4 - c # 5 - g #

TOTAL CONTRACT	#C + /	(for anyone auditioning	. for All State Or	cheetra winde	nercussion and s	tringe)
~~~BUWING IERN	13~~ "	for anyone additioning	, ioi mii-state oi	citicotta, muiuo,	bereassion and a	

- A. up bow V moving tip to frog
- B. down bow II moving frog to tip
- détaché a primarily connected bow stroke with distinct, separate bows
- slur connecting more than one note per bow without stopping
- staccato short, stopped strokes with the bow remaining on the string
- F. spiccato -stroke with the bow bouncing off the string
- G. portato slightly enunciate each note within a slur using bow weight and speed
- H. arco with the bow
- I. pizzicato plucked
- J. martelé hammered; heavily accented staccato
- K. tremolo an effect produced by rapidly alternating down and up bows

- .. staccato volant linked spiccato notes in the same direction
- M. ricochet thrown/rebound stroke usually in groups of 2 or 3
- N. flautando flute-like bowing played near the fingerboard
- O. col legno the effect produced by striking the string with the
- P. sul ponticello an icy, whistling effect produced by purposely playing too close to the bridge
- Q. alto clef used for viola and trombone to avoid excessive ledger lines: middle C is the center line g
- R. tenor clef used for cello, trombone, bassoon and double bass:
  middle C is the fourth line from the bottom p
- S. vibrato slight variation of pitch by left hand motion used to add warmth
- T. What is the name of this year's All-State Orchestra Conductor?
- U. What are the names of the composers and pieces on this year's ASO concert

REVISED 7/09 MU-1