Lincoln High School Band

Concert/Symphonic Band Chair Placement

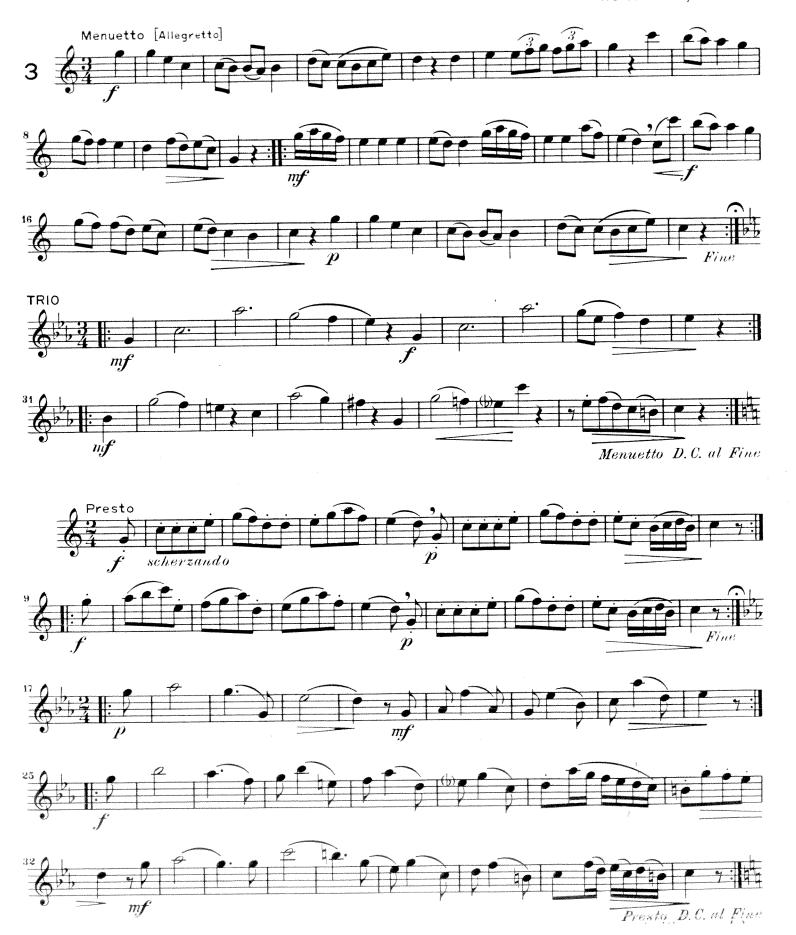
Oboe

Audition Materials

Menuetto and Presto

Oboe

F. J. HAYDN Transcribed by H. Voxman



SD All State Band Auditions

Revised 2008

Flute Chromatic Scale

To be played from memory at a minimum tempo of J = 176. Chromatic fingerings should be used where appropriate.



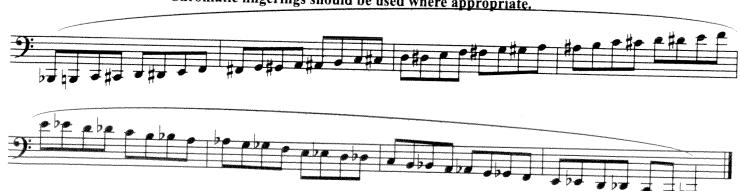
Oboe Chromatic Scale

To be played from memory at a minimum tempo of J = 176. Chromatic fingerings should be used where appropriate.



Bassoon Chromatic Scale

To be played from memory at a minimum tempo of J = 152. Chromatic fingerings should be used where appropriate.



South Dakota All-State Band Auditions

Oboe Major and minor scales

Revised July 2008

To be played at a minimum of J = 144



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South Dakota All-State Band Auditions

Oboe Major and minor scales

Revised July 2008



All-State Band and Orchestra Terminology Sheet

(Revised - June 2008 & June 2009 - Definitions taken from the Oxford Dictionary of Music)

*NOTE: Anyone auditioning for the Orchestra will include the bowing terms in the shaded box at the end;

Students auditioning for the All-State Band test will not include the bowing terms

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1. accelerando (accel.) - gradually growing faster
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- accidental chromatic alteration of a note from the key signature until the next bar line (can be extended by a tie)
- 3. ad libitum (ad lib) or a piacere at pleasure, at will
- 4. a due (a 2) for two parts
- 5. affetuoso tenderly, with feeling
- 6. alla breve (a) -2/2 time, cut time
- 7. allargando getting slower and louder
- 8. amoroso with love, with warm feeling
- 9. animato or con anima lively, animated, spirited
- 10. appassionato or passione passionate, fervent
- 11. assai much, very
- 12. a tempo return to the original tempo
- 13. attacca continue without a pause
- 14. bravura great technical skill, virtuosity
- 15. brillante sparkling, spirited
- 16. cadenza a brilliant (often highly technical) solo, often found at the end of a movement or a piece
- 17. cadence the close of a melodic or harmonic phrase
- 18. calmando or calmato quieting down, subsiding
- 19. cantando or cantabile in a singing style, lyrical
- 20. capriccioso fanciful, freely
- 21. coda a concluding passage added to the form proper
- 22. con with
- 23. con brio with vigor, vigorously
- 24. con forza with force, strength
- 25. con fuoco with fire, passionately
- 26. con sordino with mute
- 27. con spirito or spiritoso with spirit
- 28. crescendo becoming louder
- 29. da capo (D.C.) from the beginning
- 30. dal segno (D.S.) from the sign (%)
- 31. decrescendo (decresc.) becoming softer
- 32. diatonic notes within a given scale or key
- 33. diminuendo (dim.) becoming softer
- 34. divisi divided parts where there is normally one
- 35. dolce sweet, gentle
- 36. doppio movimento twice as fast
- 37. double flat (₺) lower by one full step
- 38. double sharp (x) -- raise by one full step
- 39. dynamics the level of loudness
 - ...pianississimo (ppp) very, very soft
 - ... pianissimo (pp) very soft
 - ...piano (p) soft
 - ...mezzo piano (mp) medium soft
 - ... mezzo forte (mf) medium loud
 - $\dots forte (f) loud$
 - ... fortissimo (ff) very loud
 - ...fortississimo (fff) very, very loud

- 40. e, ed or et and
- 41. espressivo with feeling, with expression
- 42. etude a study or exercise focusing on a particular technical or musical problem
- 43. fermata a pause or hold (a)
- 44. finale last movement of a multi-movement work
- 45. fine the end
- 46. forzando a strong accent
- 47. giocoso humorous, playful
- 48. giusto exact, appropriate or usual tempo
- 49. glissando a glide from one note to the next
- 50. grazioso graceful
- 51. interval pitch difference between two notes
- 52. key signature sharps or flats placed at the beginning of a selection indicating its key
- 53. largamente broadly
- 54. legato smooth, even, without breaks between notes
- 55. l'istesso tempo at the same tempo
- 56. loco return to normal position
- 57. maestoso majestic, with dignity
- 58. marcato accented, stressed
- 59. marcia march
- 60. *meno* less
- 61. molto much, very
- 62. morendo fading away
- 63. mosso or moto moved, motion
- 64. non no, do not
- 65. nuance subtle shading in style
- 66. ossia an alternate version
- 67. pesante weighty, ponderous
- 68. *piu* more
- 69. pochissimo as little as possible
- 70. poco a poco little by little
- 71. pomposo stately, pompous
- 72. quasi almost, as if
- 73. rallentando (rall.) becoming slower
- 74. ritardando (ritard. or rit.) becoming slower
- 75. ritenuto (riten.) immediately slower
- 76. rinforzando (rfz.) a sudden accent
- 77. rubato free use of accel. and rit. within a measure

without altering the duration of the measure as a whole

- 78. sans or senza without
- 79. scherzando playfully
- 80. segue continue without pausing
- 81. sempre always, throughout
- 82. sforzando (sfz.) a sudden accent
- 83. simile in the same manner
- 84. soli a section solo, a group of soloists
- 85. solo a part for one performer
- 86. sonore resounding, loud
- 87. sordino mute
- 88. sostenuto (sost.) sustained

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89. staccato - detached	-	KEY SIGNATURES
90. stringendo (string.) - growing faster		
91. subito (sub.) - suddenly, at once	(C Major – no sharps or flats
92. tacet – be silent	\$	a minor – no sharps or flats
93. tempo – rate of speed		
grave - solemn and very, very slow	Flat Keys	
largo – very slow	Majors	minors
adagio, lento, larghetto - slow		
andante - moderately slow	1 - F	1 - D
andantino - slightly faster that andante		
moderato - moderate, neither fast nor slow	2 - Bb	2 - G
allegretto - moderately fast		
allegro - fast and lively	3 – Eb	3 - C
vivo, vivace - very fast and intense		
presto – the fastest conventional tempo	4 – Ab	4 - F
prestissimo – as fast as possible		
94. tenuto (ten.) - held, sustained for full value	5 – Db	5 - Bb
95. timbre – tone color		
96. tranquillo – quiet, peaceful	6 – Gb	6 - Eb
97. trill (tr.) - a rapid alteration between the written note		
and the diatonic second above it	7 – Cb	7 – Ab
98. troppo – too much		
99. tutti – all, with all performers		
100. un, una, uno – one		
101. unison - together on the same part or in octaves	Sharp Ke	ys
	Majors	Minors
SCALES		
	1 – G	1 - e
Major Scales are diatonic scales with half-steps between		
3-4 and $7-8$.	2 - D	2 - b
Natural Minor Scales are diatonic scales with half-steps		
between 2 -3 and 5 -6	3 – A	3-f#
Harmonic Minor Scales are natural minor scales with the		
7th scale degree raised a half-step This adds a	4 – E	4 − c #
half-step between $7-8$, and an interval of $1\frac{1}{2}$		
steps between $6-7$.	5 – B	5 – g #
Melodic Minor Scales are natural scales where the 6 th and 7 th		
scale degrees are raised one half step in the	6 – F #	6 – d #

	tate Orchestra, winds, percussion and strings)	

7 - C #

			. 11.1.1	a e de la compania d	1
A. up bow – V – moving	tip to trog	L. staccato volar	ur – iinkea sp	<i>necato</i> notes in t	ne sa

- down bow $-\Pi$ moving frog to tip
- détaché a primarily connected bow stroke with distinct, separate bows

ascending form creating half steps between

2-3 and 7-8, These notes are lowered to their natural state in the descending scale, making it

- D. slur connecting more than one note per bow without stopping
- staccato short, stopped strokes with the bow E. remaining on the string

identical to the natural minor. Chromatic Scales are scales which proceed by half-step From the first note to the last note.

- spiccato -stroke with the bow bouncing off the string
- G. portato slightly enunciate each note within a slur using bow weight and speed
- H. arco with the bow
- pizzicato plucked
- martelé hammered; heavily accented staccato
- tremolo an effect produced by rapidly alternating down and up bows

- same direction
- M. ricochet thrown/rebound stroke usually in groups of 2 or 3
- N. flautando flute-like bowing played near the fingerboard
- O. col legno the effect produced by striking the string with the stick
- sul ponticello an icy, whistling effect produced by purposely playing too close to the bridge
- Q. alto clef used for viola and trombone to avoid excessive ledger lines: middle C is the center line p
- R. tenor clef used for cello, trombone, bassoon and double bass: middle C is the fourth line from the bottom p
- vibrato slight variation of pitch by left hand motion used to add warmth
- What is the name of this year's All-State Orchestra Conductor?
- U. What are the names of the composers and pieces on this year's ASO concert

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